Evaluation of Best Practice Programs to Improve the Health and Wellness of Truck Drivers in BC

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Partnerships

- Agencies and Organizations
 - SafetyDriven TSCBC
 - Owner-Operators Business Association
 - OOIDA
 - WorkSafeBC
 - Transport Canada
- Research Groups
 - Universities UNBC, USask, UWaterloo
 - Institute for Work & Health
 - NIOSH



Brief outline

- 1 Background
- 2. Study Purpose
- 3. Methods
- 4. Results
- 5. Progress and Conclusion



- Truck Drivers are an at Risk Population
 - High risk for overweight, CVD, diabetes
 - High crash risk
 - High rates of non-crash injuries falls and musculoskeletal disorders
- Large Occupational Group
 - 2nd most common occupation for men in Canada – 1 million commercial drivers; 300,000 drivers in Transport sector



- Work Environment for Truck Drivers
- Health and Safety Concerns
- Chronic Disease Risk Factors
- Crash-related Risk Factors
- Challenges in Addressing Health and Wellness Concerns of Drivers

- Work Environment for Drivers
 - Long workhours
 - Shiftwork
 - Often paid by miles driven
 - Hours of Service (HoS) control rest and break periods
 - Lack of truck parking
 - JIT logistics reduces schedule flexibility
 - Limited choices for healthy food at truck stops
 - Limited time and facilities for exercise



- Health and Safety of Drivers
 - High risk of fatal injury
 - Occupation with the highest number and cost of losttime injuries
 - BC over 87,000 LTIs per year (cost of over \$36 million)
 - Exposure to Whole Body Vibration
 - Associated with back pain
 - Impacts vigilance and associated with fatigue and crash risk
 - Impacts sleep and well-being



- Health and Safety of Drivers (cont.)
 - High rate of musculoskeletal disorders
 - Vibration
 - Lifting hand bombing freight
 - Awkward postures (also prolonged sitting posture)
 - High rates of slip trips and falls
 - Exiting cab
 - Tarping flatbeds and accessing trailers
 - Vehicle inspection and maintenance
 - Traction and weather



- Chronic Disease Risk Factors
 - Highest BMI of all occupational groups
 - Constellation of factors
 - Prolonged sitting
 - Paid by mile so time spent driving is maximized
 - Lack of physical activity
 - Time pressures
 - Limited access to facilities
 - Dietary factors
 - Limited access to healthy food (truck parking problem)
 - Unable to carry fruit over US/Canada border
 - Snack consumption to maintain vigilance



- Crash-related Risk Factors
 - Insomnia and sleep disorders
 - High rates of sleep apnea in drivers
 - Difficulty sleeping in cab sleeper for team drivers
 - Challenges finding parking
 - Sleep disruptions due to environmental conditions
 - Task related fatigue
 - Monotony
 - Vibration impacts on vigilance
 - Distraction
 - Multitasking
 - Use of electronics



- Challenges in Addressing Health, Safety and Wellness(HS&W) Concerns of Drivers
 - Reviews indicate limited access to wellness related programs
 - Programs may be available but not documented in literature
 - Importance of integrated health protection and promotion
 - Need to understand what is available
 - Need to find and promote best practices



2. Study Purpose

• Determine:

- The prevalence of Safety, Health, and Wellness programs available to truck drivers in BC
- If HS&W program elements align with NIOSH TWH recommended elements, COR, and the NAFMP
- How do carriers with HS&W programs differ from those with no programs
- The proportion of programs integrated into other management systems (e.g., COR, ISO 9000 etc)
- The facilitators and barriers to adopting HS&W programs



3. Methods

- Adapt Transit Cooperative Research Program Questionnaire (Gillespie et al 2014)
 - Management support for HS&W
 - Types of initiatives for HS&W
 - Organizational policies & practices for HS&W
 - Specific programs and initiatives
- Institute for Work & Health 8-item Organizational Performance Metric (Amick et al 2011)
 - Scale with good reliability and associated with health and safety performance of companies
- Adapt Safety Climate Scale (Huang, Zohar et al 2013)



3. Methods

- Questionnaire Developed for Carriers/Companies
 - To be completed by owner/safety manager/joint health and safety committee member
 - Questions to assess company-level initiatives and HS&W programs offered to drivers by external agencies (e.g., insurance)
 - Includes facilitators, barriers, and readiness to change
- Questionnaire Developed for Drivers
 - Focus on access to programs from all sources
 - Some health information collected
 - Barriers and facilitators from driver perspective
- Survey Monkey Platform for both



3. Methods

- Database of Transportation Companies
 - Obtained from WorkSafeBC
 - All registered truck transport companies in BC
 - Email and contact information obtained
- Distribution to Drivers through Organizations and Carriers
 - Link on owner-operator and driver organization websites
 - Link on health and safety and industry association websites
 - Newsletters/communication within companies



4. Results

Very small	Small	Medium	Large
11,949	3455	453	229

Contacts not available (carriers)

11,322

Note: it is likely that the majority of carriers with no email addresses provided are owner-operators

5. Progress and Conclusions

- Pilot Testing of Questionnaire Indicates Study will be well Received
- Stakeholders Committed to Study and Assisting with Data Collection
- Challenges Expected to be with Owner-Operators and Very Small Carriers
- Future Research will be to Identify Effective HS&W Programs
- Expand work across Canada







